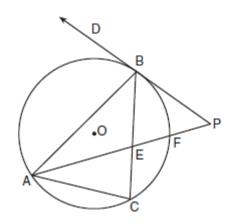
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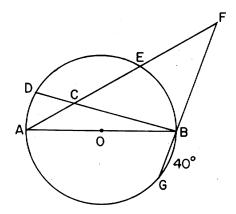
G.G.51: Arcs Determined by Angles: Investigate theorems about the arcs determined by angles intersecting a circle when the vertex is on the circle

1 In the accompanying diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is inscribed in circle O, \overline{AP} bisects $\angle BAC, \overline{PBD}$ is tangent to circle O at B, and $m \angle ACB:m \angle CAB:m \angle ABC = 4:3:2$



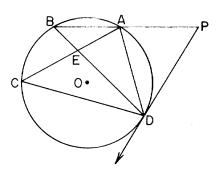
Find: $\mathbf{m} \angle ABC$, $\mathbf{m} \widehat{\mathbf{BF}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BEP$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle PBC$

2 In the accompanying diagram, \overline{AB} is a diameter of circle O, \overline{FECA} and \overline{FBG} are secants, $\widehat{mAD}:\widehat{mDE}:\widehat{mEB}=1:3:2$.



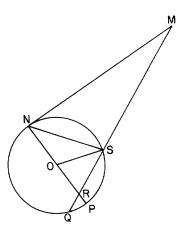
Find $\widehat{\mathbf{mDE}}$, $\mathbf{m}\angle ECB$, $\mathbf{m}\angle AFG$, $\mathbf{m}\angle DBF$, and $\mathbf{m}\angle EAB$

3 In the accompanying diagram, *B* is the midpoint of \widehat{AC} , triangle ADC is inscribed in circle *O*, chords \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} intersect at *E*, \overrightarrow{PR} is a tangent to circle *O* at *D*, \overrightarrow{PAB} is a secant, and $\widehat{\mathbf{mBA}}:\widehat{\mathbf{mAD}}:\widehat{\mathbf{mDC}} = 2:3:5$.



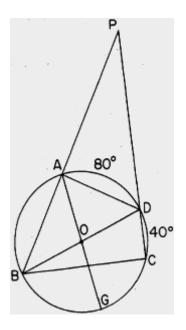
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ADC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AEB$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ADP$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$

4 In circle *O*, \overline{MN} is a tangent, \overline{NP} is a diameter, \overline{MQ} is a secant, \overline{OS} is a radius, $\widehat{mQN} = 160$, and $\underline{m} \angle PNS = 40$.



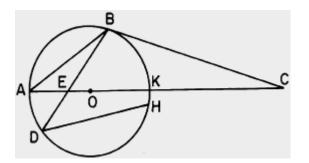
Find $\mathbf{m}\widehat{QP}$, $\mathbf{m}\widehat{PS}$, $\mathbf{m}\angle QRP$, $\mathbf{m}\angle NOS$, and $\mathbf{m}\angle M$

- Name:
- 5 Quadrilateral *ABCD* is inscribed in circle *O*, \overline{BD} and \overline{AG} are diameters, \overline{PAB} and \overline{PDC} are secants, $\widehat{mAD} = 80$, and $\widehat{mDC} = 40$.



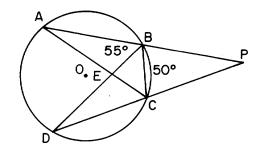
Find $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m}\angle BCD$, $\mathbf{m}\angle BOG$, $\mathbf{m}\angle P$, and $\mathbf{m}\angle BAG$

6 Given: circle *O* with $\widehat{mAD}:\widehat{mAB}:\widehat{mBK} = 1:3:2$, diameter \overline{AK} is extended to *C*, \overline{BC} is tangent to circle *O* at *B*, and $\widehat{HK} = 12^{\circ}$.



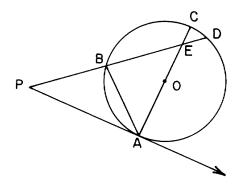
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAD}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BCK$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BDH$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AEB$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DBC$

7 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, \overrightarrow{PBA} and \overrightarrow{PCD} are secants, chords \overrightarrow{AC} and \overrightarrow{BD} intersect at E, $\overrightarrow{BA} \cong \overrightarrow{CD}$, chord \overrightarrow{BC} is drawn, $\mathbf{m} \angle ABD = 55$, and $\mathbf{m} \overrightarrow{BC} = 50$.



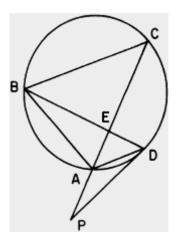
Find: $\mathbf{m} \angle ACD$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DBC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AED$, $\mathbf{m} \angle PCB$.

8 In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{PA} is a tangent to circle *O* at point *A*, secant \overrightarrow{PBD} intersects diameter \overrightarrow{AC} at point *E*, $\mathbf{m} \angle P = 40$, and $\mathbf{m} \widehat{CD}: \mathbf{m} \widehat{DA} = 1:8$.



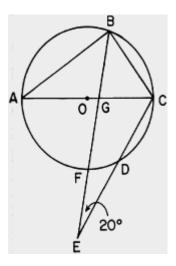
Find $\widehat{\mathbf{mAD}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BEA$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BAC$, and $\mathbf{m} \angle PBA$

- Name:
- 9 In the accompanying diagram, ΔABC is isosceles with $\overline{CB} \cong \overline{CA}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DAC = 45$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}} = 135$, \overline{PD} is tangent to circle O at D, \overline{PAC} is a secant, and chords \overline{BD} and \overline{AC} intersect at E.



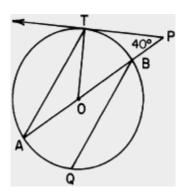
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAD}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ADP$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BEC$

10 In the accompanying diagram, $\triangle ABC$ is inscribed in circle *O*. Secant \overline{EFB} bisects $\angle ABC$ and intersects diameter \overline{AOC} at *G*, \overline{EDC} is a secant, $\mathbf{m}\angle E = 20$, and $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}:\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}} = 3:2$.



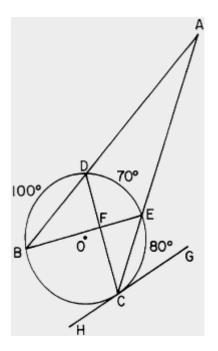
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mFD}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ABE$, $\mathbf{m} \angle FGC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ACD$

11 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, \overline{PBOA} is a secant, \overline{PT} is tangent to circle O at T, $\mathbf{m} \angle P = 40$, and $\overline{QB} \| \overline{AT}$.



Find: $\mathbf{m} \angle BOT$, $\mathbf{m} \angle A$, $\mathbf{m} \widehat{AT}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ATO$, $\mathbf{m} \angle PBQ$

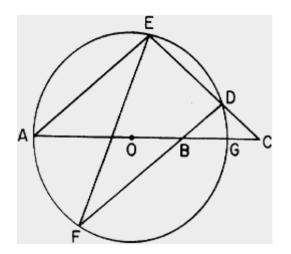
12 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, \overline{ADB} and \overline{AEC} are secants, chords \overline{BE} and \overline{CD} intersect at F, tangent \overline{GH} intersects circle O at C, $\widehat{mBD} = 100$, $\widehat{mDE} = 70$, and $\widehat{mEC} = 80$.



Find: $\mathbf{m} \angle BAC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BDC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle CFE$, $\mathbf{m} \angle GCE$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AEB$

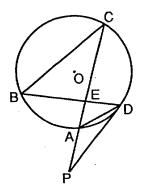
Name:

- Name: ____
- 13 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, \overline{AE} and \overline{FD} are chords, \overline{AOBG} is a diameter and is extended to *C*, \overline{CDE} is a secant, $\overline{AE} \parallel \overline{FD}$, and $\widehat{mAE}:\widehat{mED}:\widehat{mDG}=5:3:1$.



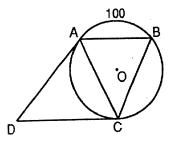
Find \widehat{mDG} , $m \angle AEF$, $m \angle DBG$, $m \angle DCA$, and $m \angle CDF$

14 In the accompanying diagram, \overline{PD} is tangent to circle O at D, \overline{PAC} is a secant, chords \overline{BD} and \overline{AC} intersect at E, chord \overline{AD} is drawn, $\widehat{mBC} = \widehat{mCA}, \widehat{mBC}$ is twice \widehat{mAB} , and $\underline{m}\angle DAC = 48$.



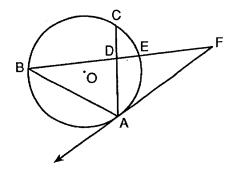
Find $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAD}}$, $\mathbf{m}\angle CPD$, $\mathbf{m}\angle CED$ and $\mathbf{m}\angle ADP$.

- Name:
- 15 In the accompanying diagram, $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$, \overline{AD} and \overline{DC} are tangent to circle O, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}} = 100$, and $\widehat{\mathbf{mAC}} = \widehat{\mathbf{mCB}}$.



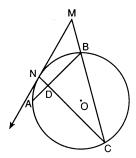
Find $\widehat{\mathbf{mAC}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle B$, $\mathbf{m} \angle D$ and $\mathbf{m} \angle BCD$ Is *ABCD* a parallelogram? [Explain your answer.]

16 In circle O, \overrightarrow{FA} is a tangent, \overrightarrow{FEDB} is a secant, \overrightarrow{ADC} and \overrightarrow{AB} are chords, $\widehat{mCE} = 40$, $\widehat{mAB} = 130$, and $\underline{m}\angle CAB = 60$.



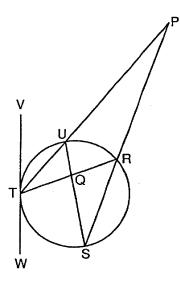
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}}$, $\mathbf{m}\angle EBA$, $\mathbf{m}\angle ADE$, $\mathbf{m}\angle F$, $\mathbf{m}\angle FAC$

17 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, the ratio $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}}:\widehat{\mathbf{mCA}}:\widehat{\mathbf{mNB}}$ is 5:4:1:2. Chord \overrightarrow{CB} is extended to external point M, chords \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CN} intersect at D, and tangent \overrightarrow{MN} is drawn.



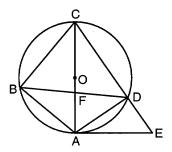
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}}$, $\mathbf{m}\angle ABC$, $\mathbf{m}\angle NMC$, $\mathbf{m}\angle NDA$, $\mathbf{m}\angle MND$

- Name:
- 18 In the accompanying diagram, chords \overline{RT} and \overline{US} intersect at Q, secants \overline{PUT} and \overline{PRS} are drawn, $\widehat{mRS} = 120$, $\widehat{mUT} = 80$, $\underline{m}\angle TRS = 50$, and \overline{VW} is tangent to the circle at T.



Find \widehat{mUR} , $m \angle SUT$, $m \angle P$, $m \angle RQS$ and $m \angle PTV$.

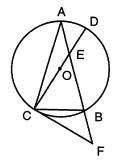
19 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, diameter \overline{CA} intersects chord \overline{BD} at *F*; \overline{AE} is a tangent; \overline{EDC} is a secant, \overline{CB} , \overline{BA} , and \overline{AD} are chords; $\widehat{mBC} = 100$; and $\widehat{mAD} = 70$.



Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AEC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BCA$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DFA$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DAE$.

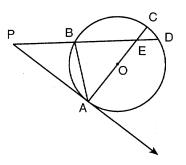
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20 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O* with inscribed isosceles triangle *ABC*, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$, $\overline{mCB} = 60$, \overline{FC} is a tangent, and secant \overline{FBA} intersects diameter \overline{CD} at *E*.



Find: $\mathbf{m} \angle ADC$, $\mathbf{m} \widehat{AD}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DEB$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AFC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BCF$

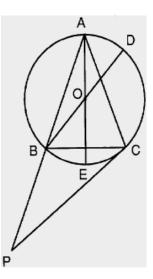
21 In the accompanying diagram, \overrightarrow{PA} is tangent to circle *O* at point *A*, secant \overrightarrow{PBD} intersects diameter \overrightarrow{AC} at point *E*, chord \overrightarrow{AB} is drawn, $\mathbf{m} \angle P = 40$, and $\mathbf{m} \widehat{CD}: \mathbf{m} \widehat{DA} = 1:8$.



Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mDA}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BEA$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BAC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle PBA$.

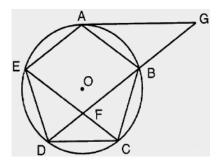
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- Name:
- 22 In the accompanying diagram, isosceles triangle ABC is inscribed in circle O, and vertex angle BAC measures 40°. Tangent \overline{PC} , secant \overline{PBA} , and diameters \overline{BD} and \overline{AE} are drawn.



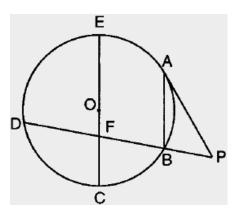
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ABD$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DOE$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ACP$.

23 In the accompanying diagram, regular pentagon *ABCDE* is inscribed in circle *O*, chords \overline{EC} and \overline{DB} intersect at F, chord \overline{DB} is extended to G, and tangent \overline{GA} is drawn.



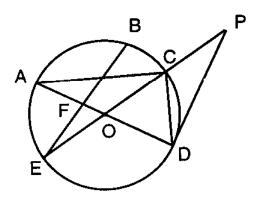
Find: $\mathbf{m} \angle BDE$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BFC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AGD$

- Name:
- 24 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, chord \overline{AB} is parallel to diameter \overline{EC} , secant \overline{PBD} intersects \overline{EC} at *F*, tangent \overline{PA} is drawn, $\widehat{mAB} = \widehat{mBC}$, and $\widehat{mCD} = 80$.



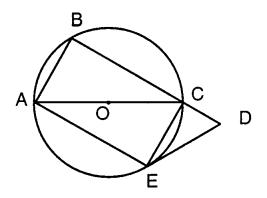
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAE}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ABD$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DFC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle PAB$.

25 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, diameter \overline{EOC} is extended through *C* to point *P*; diameter \overline{AFOD} , tangent \overline{PD} , and chords \overline{AC} , \overline{CD} , \overline{BFE} are drawn; $\mathbf{m}\angle COD = \mathbf{60}$; and $\mathbf{m}\angle AFB = \mathbf{100}$.



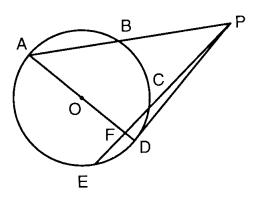
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mDE}}$; $\mathbf{m} \angle P$; $\mathbf{m} \angle ACE$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ACD$.

- Name: ____
- 26 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}:\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}} = 1:2$; diameter \overline{CA} and chord \overline{AE} are drawn; chord \overline{EC} is parallel to chord \overline{AB} ; chord \overline{BC} is extended through C to D; and tangent \overline{DE} is drawn.



Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mCE}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AEC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle CED$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BDE$.

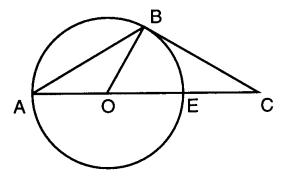
27 In the accompanying diagram of circle $O, \widehat{\mathbf{mAC}} = 140, \widehat{\mathbf{mAE}} = 130, \widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}:\widehat{\mathbf{mBC}} = 6:4, \overline{PD}$ is a tangent, secant \overline{PCE} intersects diameter \overline{AD} at F, and secant \overline{PBA} is drawn.



Find $\widehat{\mathbf{mED}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m}\angle BAD$, $\mathbf{m}\angle APE$, $\mathbf{m}\angle EFD$

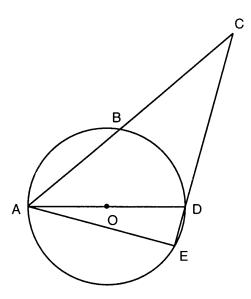
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28 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, diameter \overline{AE} is extended through *E* to *C*; tangent \overline{CB} , chord \overline{AB} , and radius \overline{OB} are drawn; and $\widehat{mAB}:\widehat{mBE} = 2:1$.



a Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BAC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle C$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ABC$. *b* Is $\triangle OBC$ acute, right, obtuse or equiangular? Explain your answer.

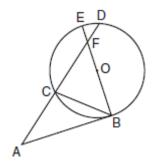
29 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, diameter \overline{AD} , chord \overline{AE} , and secants \overline{CBA} and \overline{CDE} are drawn; $\mathbf{m}\angle BAD = 40$; and $\mathbf{m}\widehat{AE} = 5(\mathbf{m}\widehat{ED})$.



Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mBD}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAE}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ACE$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AED$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ADC$.

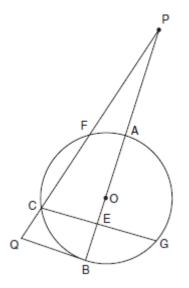
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30 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, tangent \overline{AB} and chord \overline{BC} are drawn, secant \overline{ACD} intersects diameter \overline{EB} at *F*, $\widehat{mBD} = 160$, and $\widehat{mBC} = 80$.



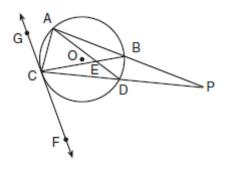
Find: $\mathbf{m} \angle A$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ABE$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ABC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle EFC$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ACB$

31 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, secant \overline{PFCQ} , secant \overline{PAOEB} , tangent \overline{QB} , and chord \overline{CEG} are drawn; $\widehat{mBC}:\widehat{mCF}:\widehat{mFA} = 7:8:3$; and $\underline{m}\angle AEG = 95$.



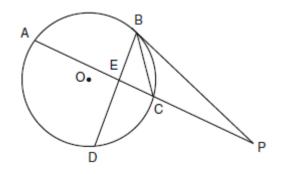
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mCF}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAG}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle FCG$, $\mathbf{m} \angle FQB$

- Name:
- 32 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, secant \overrightarrow{ABP} , secant \overrightarrow{CDP} , and chord \overrightarrow{AC} are drawn; chords \overrightarrow{AD} and \overrightarrow{BD} intersect at *E*, tangent \overrightarrow{GCF} intersects circle *O* at *C*, and $\overrightarrow{mAB}:\overrightarrow{mDC}:\overrightarrow{mCA} = 8:2:5:3$.



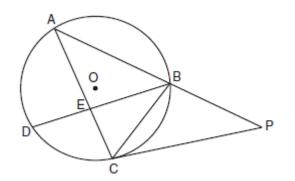
Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mCA}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ACB$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle AEB$, $\mathbf{m} \angle DCF$

33 In the accompanying diagram of circle *O*, tangent \overline{PB} , secant \overline{AECP} , chord \overline{DEB} , and chord \overline{CB} are drawn; $\widehat{mDC} = 90$; $m \angle DEC = 85$; BP = 15; and CB = 8.



Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$; $\mathbf{m} \angle ACB$; $\mathbf{m} \angle P$ to the *nearest degree*.

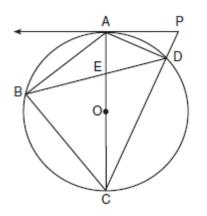
34 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, chords \overline{BD} , \overline{BC} , and \overline{AC} , tangent \overline{PC} , and secant \overline{ABP} are drawn; $\mathbf{m}\angle DBC = 40$, $\mathbf{m}\angle AEB = 110$; and $\mathbf{m}\widehat{AD}:\mathbf{m}\widehat{CB} = 9:5$.



Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$, $\widehat{\mathbf{mAD}}$, $\mathbf{m} \angle P$, $\mathbf{m} \angle BCP$, $\mathbf{m} \angle ACP$

Name:

35 In the accompanying diagram of circle O, \overrightarrow{PA} is tangent to the circle at A; \overrightarrow{PDC} is a secant; diameter \overrightarrow{AEOC} intersects chord \overrightarrow{BD} at E; chords \overrightarrow{AB} , \overrightarrow{BC} , and \overrightarrow{DA} are drawn; $\overrightarrow{mDA} = 46$; and \overrightarrow{mBC} is 32 more than \overrightarrow{mAB} .



Find: $\widehat{\mathbf{mAB}}$; $\mathbf{m} \angle BAC$; $\mathbf{m} \angle P$; $\mathbf{m} \angle DEC$; $\mathbf{m} \angle PDA$